**Namah Capital Resources Ltd SURVEILLANCE POLICY**

**INTRODUCTION:**

National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) vide its circular Download ref.no NSE/INVG/22908 dated 07,March 2013 has directed the trading members to frame the a surveillance policy for effective monitoring of Trading Members and monitoring the alerts based on trading activity on the Exchange. Trading members are directed to have proper mechanisms and to ensure that proper checks and balances are in control and **Namah Capital Resources Ltd**(the Company) is framing this policy accordingly.

**SCOPE:**

The company shall implement the following policy:-

A) Transactional Alerts to be provided by the exchange:

In order to facilitate effective surveillance mechanisms, the Company would download the below mentioned alerts based on the trading activities on the exchanges.

**Sr.No.Transactional Alerts Segment**

1 Significantly increase in client activity Cash

2 Sudden trading activity in dormant account Cash

3 Clients/Group of Client(s), deal in common scrips Cash

4 Client(s)/Group of Client(s) is concentrated in a few illiquid scrips Cash

5 Client(s)/Group of Client(s) dealing in scrip in minimum lot size Cash

6 Client / Group of Client(s) Concentration in a scrip Cash

7 Circular Trading Cash

8 Pump and Dump Cash

9 Wash Sales Cash & Derivatives

10 Reversal of Trades Cash & Derivatives

11 Front Running Cash

12 Concentrated position in the Open Interest / High Turnover Derivative

Concentration

13 Order book spoofing i.e. large orders away from market Cash

The Company may formulate its own alerts in addition to above mentioned type of alerts.

**2) Clients Information:**

The Company will carry out the Due Diligence of its client(s) on a yearly basis. Further, Company shall ensure that key KYC parameters are updated on a yearly basis and latest information of the client is updated in Unique Client Code (UCC) database of the Exchange. Based on this information the Company shall establish groups / association amongst clients to identify multiple accounts / common account / group of clients.

**3) Analysis:**

In order to analyze the trading activity of the Client(s) / Group of Client(s) or scrip’s identified based on above alerts, the Company will carry out the following procedure:

a. To seek explanation from such identified Client(s) / Group of Client(s) for entering into such transactions.

b. To Seek documentary evidence such as bank statement / demat transaction statement or any other

documents as below:

1. In case of funds, Bank statements of the Client(s) / Group of Client(s) from which funds pay-in have been met, to be sought. In case of securities, demat account statements of the Client(s) / Group of Client(s) from which securities pay-in has been met, to be sought.

2. The period for such statements may be at least 15 days from the date of transactions to verify whether the funds / securities for the settlement of such trades actually belongs to the client for whom the trades were transacted.

c. The Company shall review the alerts based upon:

1. Type of the alerts downloaded by the exchange.

2. Financial details of the clients

3. Past Trading pattern of the clients/ client group

4. Bank /Demat transaction details

5. Other connected clients in UCC (common email/mobile number/address, other linkages, etc)

6. Other publicly available information.

d. After analyzing the documentary evidences, including the bank / demat statement, the Company will record its observations for such identified transactions or Client(s) / Group of Client(s). In case adverse observations are recorded, the Compliance Officer shall report all such instances to the Exchange within 45 days of the alert generation. The Company may seek extension of the time period from the Exchange,wherever required.

**4) Monitoring and reporting:**

For effective monitoring, the Company;

1. Within 30 days of alert generation shall dispose off the alert, and any delay in disposition, reason for the same shall be documented.

2. In case of any Suspicious or any Manipulative activity is identified, the same will be mentioned in the Register to be maintained for the purpose and will be reported to the Stock Exchanges within 45 days of the alert generation.

• The Company shall prepare quarterly MIS and shall put to the Board of Directors on the number of alerts pending at the beginning of the quarter, generated during the quarter, disposed off during the quarter and pending at the end of the quarter. Reasons for pendency shall be discussed and appropriate action shall be taken. Also, the Board shall be apprised of any exception noticed during the disposition of alerts. The surveillance process shall be conducted under overall supervision of its Compliance Officer. Compliance Officer would be responsible for all surveillance activities carried out by the Company and for the record maintenance and reporting of such activities.

• Internal auditor of the Company shall review the surveillance policy, its implementation,

effectiveness and review the alerts generated during the period of audit. Internal auditor shall

record the observations with respect to the same in their report